National Semiconductor

January 1988

MM54HC534/MM74HC534 TRI-STATE® Octal D-Type Flip-Flop with Inverted Outputs

General Description

These high speed Octal D-Type Flip-Flops utilize advanced silicon-gate CMOS technology. They possess the high noise immunity and low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits, as well as the ability to drive 15 LS-TTL loads. Due to the large output drive capability and the TRI-STATE feature, these devices are ideally suited for interfacing with bus lines in a bus organized system.

These devices are positive edge triggered flip-flops. Data at the D inputs, meeting the setup and hold time requirements, are inverted and transferred to the $\overline{Q}$ outputs on positive going transitions of the CLOCK (CK) input. When a high logic level is applied to the OUTPUT CONTROL (OC) input, all outputs go to a high impedance state, regardless of what signals are present at the other inputs and the state of the storage elements.

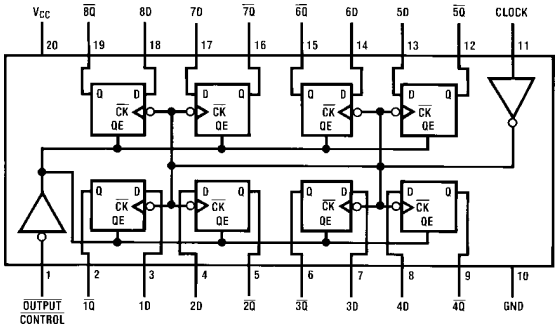
The 54HC/74HC logic family is speed, function, and pinout compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- Typical propagation delay: 23 ns
- Wide operating voltage range: 2–6V
- Low input current: 1 μA maximum
- Low quiescent current: 80 μA maximum
- Compatible with bus-oriented systems
- Output drive capability: 15 LS-TTL loads

Connection Diagram

Dual-In-Line Package



TL/F/5340–1

Top View

Order Number MM54HC534 or MM74HC534

Truth Table

Output Control	Clock	Data	Output
L	↑	H	L
L	↑	L	H
L	L	X	$\overline{Q}_0$
H	X	X	Z

H = High Level, L = Low Level
X = Don't Care
↑ = Transition from low-to-high
Z = High impedance state
$\overline{Q}_0$ = The level of the output before steady state input conditions were established

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Absolute Maximum Ratings (Notes 1 & 2)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	−0.5 to +7.0V
DC Input Voltage (V_{IN})	−1.5 to V_{CC} +1.5V
DC Output Voltage (V_{OUT})	−0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5V
Clamp Diode Current (I_{IK}, I_{OK})	±20 mA
DC Output Current, per pin (I_{OUT})	±35 mA
DC V_{CC} or GND Current, per pin (I_{CC})	±70 mA
Storage Temperature Range (T_{STG})	−65°C to +150°C
Power Dissipation (P_D) (Note 3)	600 mW
S.O. Package only	500 mW
Lead Temperature (T_L) (Soldering 10 seconds)	260°C

Operating Conditions

		Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})		2	6	V
DC Input or Output Voltage (V_{IN}, V_{OUT})		0	V_{CC}	V
Operating Temp. Range (T_A)				
MM74HC		−40	+85	°C
MM54HC		−55	+125	°C
Input Rise or Fall Times (t_r, t_f)	V_{CC} = 2.0V		1000	ns
	V_{CC} = 4.5V		500	ns
	V_{CC} = 6.0V		400	ns

DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{CC}	T_A = 25°C	74HC T_A = −40 to 85°C	54HC T_A = −55 to 125°C	Units
				Typ	Guaranteed Limits		
V_{IH}	Minimum High Level Input Voltage		2.0V		1.5	1.5	V
			4.5V		3.15	3.15	V
			6.0V		4.2	4.2	V
V_{IL}	Maximum Low Level Input Voltage**		2.0V		0.5	0.5	V
			4.5V		1.35	1.35	V
			6.0V		1.8	1.8	V
V_{OH}	Minimum High Level Output Voltage	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} $\|I_{OUT}\| \le 20\ \mu A$	2.0V	2.0	1.9	1.9	V
			4.5V	4.5	4.4	4.4	V
			6.0V	6.0	5.9	5.9	V
		V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} $\|I_{OUT}\| \le 6.0$ mA	4.5V	4.2	3.98	3.84	3.7	V
		$\|I_{OUT}\| \le 7.8$ mA	6.0V	5.7	5.48	5.34	5.2	V
V_{OL}	Maximum Low Level Output Voltage	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} $\|I_{OUT}\| \le 20\ \mu A$	2.0V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	V
			4.5V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	V
			6.0V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	V
		V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} $\|I_{OUT}\| \le 6.0$ mA	4.5V	0.2	0.26	0.33	0.4	V
		$\|I_{OUT}\| \le 7.8$ mA	6.0V	0.2	0.26	0.33	0.4	V
I_{IN}	Maximum Input Current	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND	6.0V		±0.1	±1.0	±1.0	μA
I_{OZ}	Maximum TRI-STATE Output Leakage Current	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}, OC = V_{IH} V_{OUT} = V_{CC} or GND	6.0V		±0.5	±5	±10	μA
I_{CC}	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND I_{OUT} = 0 μA	6.0V		8.0	80	160	μA

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Note 2: Unless otherwise specified all voltages are referenced to ground.

Note 3: Power Dissipation temperature derating — plastic "N" package: −12 mW/°C from 65°C to 85°C; ceramic "J" package: −12 mW/°C from 100°C to 125°C.

Note 4: For a power supply of 5V ±10% the worst case output voltages (V_{OH}, and V_{OL}) occur for HC at 4.5V. Thus the 4.5V values should be used when designing with this supply. Worst case V_{IH} and V_{IL} occur at V_{CC} = 5.5V and 4.5V respectively. (The V_{IH} value at 5.5V is 3.85V.) The worst case leakage current (I_{IN}, I_{CC}, and I_{OZ}) occur for CMOS at the higher voltage and so the 6.0V values should be used.

**V_{IL} limits are currently tested at 20% of V_{CC}. The above V_{IL} specification (30% of V_{CC}) will be implemented no later than Q1, CY'89.

AC Electrical Characteristics $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25°C$, $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns

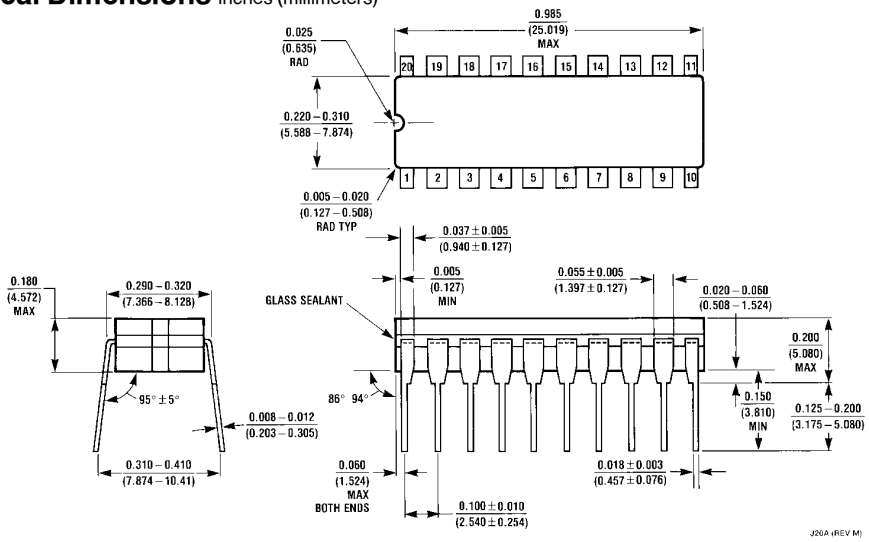
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Guaranteed Limit	Units
f_{MAX}	Maximum Operating Frequency			35	MHz
t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}	Maximum Propagation Delay Clock to $\overline{Q}$	$C_L = 45$ pF	23	32	ns
t_{PZH}, t_{PZL}	Maximum Output Enable Time	$R_L = 1\ k\Omega$ $C_L = 45$ pF	21	28	ns
t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ}	Maximum Output Disable Time	$R_L = 1\ k\Omega$ $C_L = 5$ pF	19	25	ns
t_S	Minimum Setup Time		10	20	ns
t_H	Minimum Hold Time		0	5	ns
t_W	Minimum Pulse Width		9	16	ns

AC Electrical Characteristics $V_{CC} = 2.0–6.0V$, $C_L = 50$ pF, $t_r = t_f = 6$ ns (unless otherwise specified)

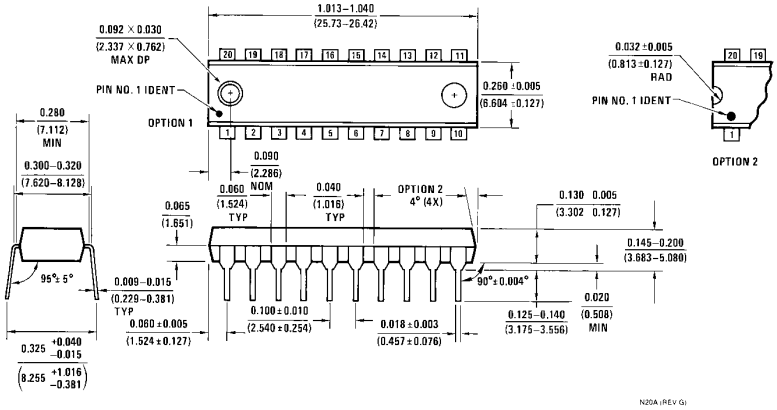
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{CC}	$T_A = 25°C$	74HC $T_A = -40$ to $85°C$	54HC $T_A = -55$ to $125°C$	Units
				Typ	Guaranteed Limits		
f_{MAX}	Maximum Operating Frequency	$C_L = 50$ pF	2.0V		6	5	4	MHz
			4.5V		30	24	20	MHz
			6.0V		35	28	23	MHz
t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}	Maximum Propagation Delay, Clock to $\overline{Q}$	$C_L = 50$ pF	2.0V	68	180	225	270	ns
		$C_L = 150$ pF	2.0V	110	230	288	345	ns
		$C_L = 50$ pF	4.5V	22	36	45	48	ns
		$C_L = 150$ pF	4.5V	30	46	57	69	ns
		$C_L = 50$ pF	6.0V	20	31	39	46	ns
		$C_L = 150$ pF	6.0V	28	40	50	60	ns
t_{PZH}, t_{PZL}	Maximum Output Enable Time	$R_L = 1\ k\Omega$						
		$C_L = 50$ pF	2.0V	50	150	189	225	ns
		$C_L = 150$ pF	2.0V	80	200	250	300	ns
		$C_L = 50$ pF	4.5V	21	30	37	45	ns
		$C_L = 150$ pF	4.5V	29	40	50	60	ns
		$C_L = 50$ pF	6.0V	19	26	31	39	ns
		$C_L = 150$ pF	6.0V	25	35	44	53	ns
t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ}	Maximum Output Disable Time	$R_L = 1\ k\Omega$	2.0V	50	150	189	225	ns
		$C_L = 50$ pF	4.5V	21	30	37	45	ns
			6.0V	19	26	31	39	ns
t_S	Minimum Setup Time		2.0V		50	60	75	ns
			4.5V		9	13	15	ns
			6.0V		9	11	13	ns
t_H	Minimum Hold Time		2.0V		5	5	5	ns
			4.5V		5	5	5	ns
			6.0V		5	5	5	ns
t_W	Minimum Pulse Width		2.0V		80	100	120	ns
			4.5V		16	20	24	ns
			6.0V		14	18	20	ns
t_{THL}, t_{TLH}	Maximum Output Rise and Fall Time	$C_L = 50$ pF	2.0V	25	60	75	90	ns
			4.5V	7	12	15	18	ns
			6.0V	6	10	13	15	ns
t_r, t_f	Maximum Input Rise and Fall Time Clock				1000	1000	1000	ns
					500	500	500	ns
					400	400	400	ns
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Note 5)	(per flip-flop)						
		OC = V_{CC}		30				pF
		OC = Gnd		50				pF
C_{IN}	Maximum Input Capacitance			5	10	10	10	pF
C_{OUT}	Maximum Output Capacitance			15	20	20	20	pF

Note 5: C_{PD} determines the no load dynamic power consumption, $P_D = C_{PD} V_{CC}^2 f + I_{CC} V_{CC}$, and the no load dynamic current consumption, $I_S = C_{PD} V_{CC} f + I_{CC}$.

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters)



Ceramic Dual-In-Line Package (J)
Order Number MM54HC534J or MM74HC534J
NS Package J20A



Molded Dual-In-Line Package (N)
Order Number MM74HC534N
NS Package N20A

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