

HA11580

## 色度信号处理电路

日立公司

### 性能说明

本电路是双列直插24线封装的集成电路，在日立牌CTP-216D等机芯采用，它具有从带通放大直到色同步和解调信号处理的所有功能，可用于NTSC制彩色电视机，同时也能与 $\mu$ PC1351C配合组成完整的PAL制彩色电视机。 $\mu$ PC1351C利用HA11580 19 端色信号输出端和 2、3、4端色差信号输出端进行PAL 制色差信号矩阵及PAL 开关处理，并利用从HA11580 17端输出的色同步脉冲和 5端输出的副载波信号对PAL 开关信号进行识别，HA11580和 $\mu$ PC1351C组合使用时，所需的外围元件少、调整简单、解调角度和相对增益可由外部电容选定。

### 极限值 ( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

参 数 名 称	符 号	极 限 值	单 位
电源电压	$V_{CC}$	15	V
功耗 ( $T_A=60^\circ\text{C}$ )	$P_D$	600	mW
工作环境温度	$T_A$	-20~85	$^\circ\text{C}$
贮存温度	$T_{stg}$	-55~125	$^\circ\text{C}$

### 电特性 ( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

参 数 名 称	符 号	测 试 条 件	最小	典型	最大	单 位
电源电流	$I_{CC}$	彩色接收平均电流	29	36	48	mA
最大色度输出(峰峰值)	$e_c$			0.71		V
色同步输出(峰峰值)	$e_b$		1	1.3	1.7	V
ACC范围(峰峰值)	$e_a$		0.7			V
消色器残留彩色	$e_x$				1	mVrms
色控残留彩色	$e_n$				1	mVrms
18端电压	$V_{18}$	18端开路	6.9	7.2	7.5	V
20端电压	$V_{20}$	20端开路		6.2		V
APC检波输出差分电压	$V_P$		-50	0	50	mV
APC牵引范围	$f_P$	色同步信号幅度	$\pm 240$	$\pm 375$		Hz
VCO频率控制灵敏度	$\beta$	=0.66V(峰峰值)		1.0		Hz/mV
鉴相器灵敏度	$\mu$			25		Hz/deg

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电特性 (续表)

参数名称	符号	测试条件	最小	典型	最大	单位
频率稳定度	$f_{ov}$	$V_{CC}=12\pm 1V$	-20	0	20	Hz
消色器电流	彩色	$I_{KC}$ 色同步信号幅度0.66V(峰峰值)	30	65		$\mu A$
	黑白	$I_{KB}$ 同上	5	15	35	$\mu A$
APC检波器温度稳定性	$\Delta V_{PT}$	$T_A=25\pm 35$	-70	0	70	mV
色解调输出电压	$E_o(DC)$		6.6	7.2	7.8	V
输出直流电压温度系数	$SE_o/ST$			0		mV/°C
差分输出电压	$\Delta E_o(DCS)$		-0.3	0	0.3	V
色度输出(峰峰值)		ACC关, 色度信号0.2V(峰峰值)		1.95		V
彩色解码最大输出电压		ACC关, 色度信号1.2V(峰峰值)	4.5	5.5		V
残留载波(峰峰值)		36MHz			0.2	V
残流载波(峰峰值)		ACC通			0.2	V
色过饱和差分输出			1.23	1.95	3.10	V

引出端说明 (24-DIP 见封装图B45)

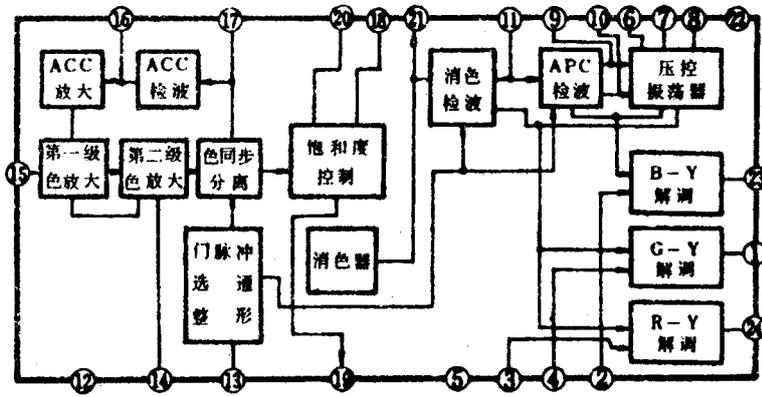
代号	引出端说明与符号	代号	引出端说明与符号	代号	引出端说明与符号
1	G-Y 输出	2	B-Y 色度输入	3	R-Y 色度输入
4	G-Y 色度输入	5	偏置	6	3.58MHz振荡输入
7	3.58MHz振荡输入	8	3.58MHz振荡输出	9	APC检波滤波器
10	APC及消色检波	11	色选通脉冲输入	12	地
13	门脉冲输入	14	接旁路电容	15	色度输入
16	ACC检波滤波器	17	色同步脉冲输出	18	色度增益控制
19	色度输出	20	色度增益控制	21	消色检波滤波
22	电源	23	B-Y 输出	24	R-Y 输出

HA11580

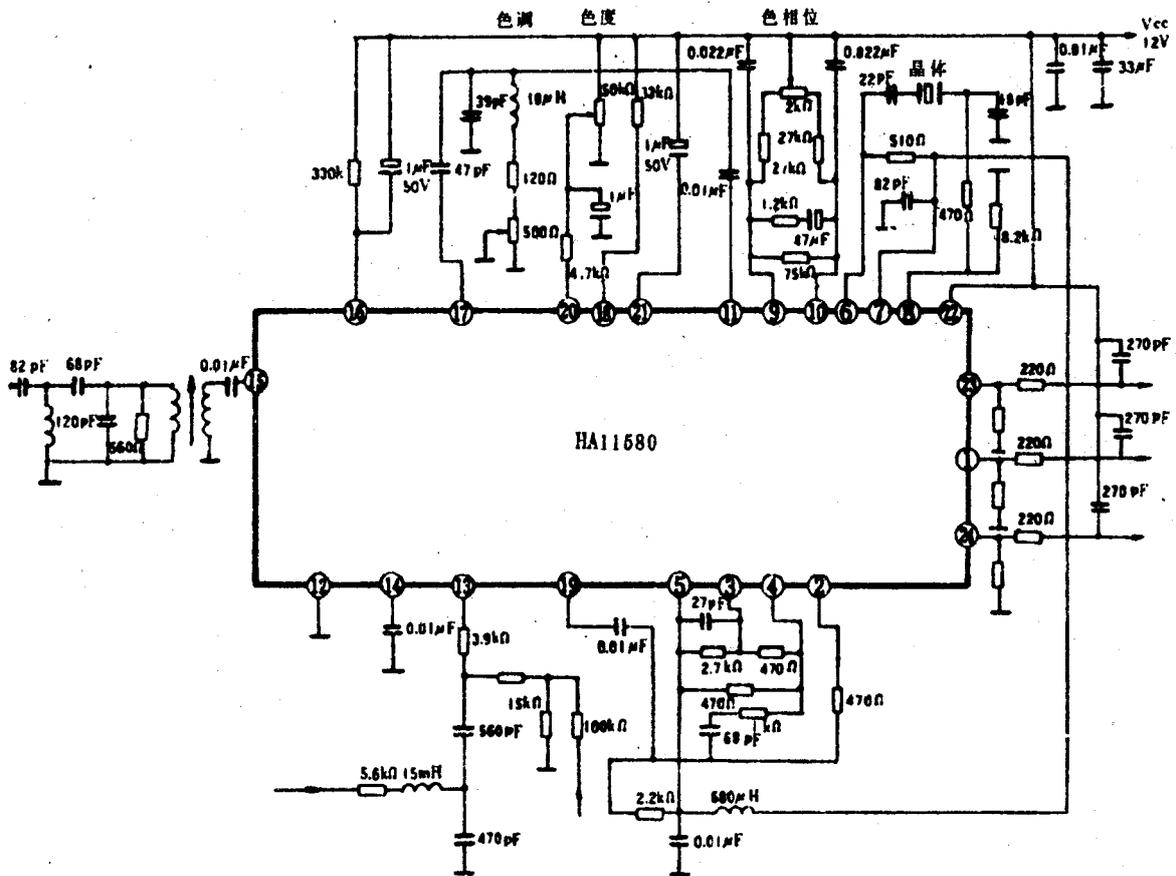
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功能框图



应用图例



## COLOR TV CHROMA SYSTEM

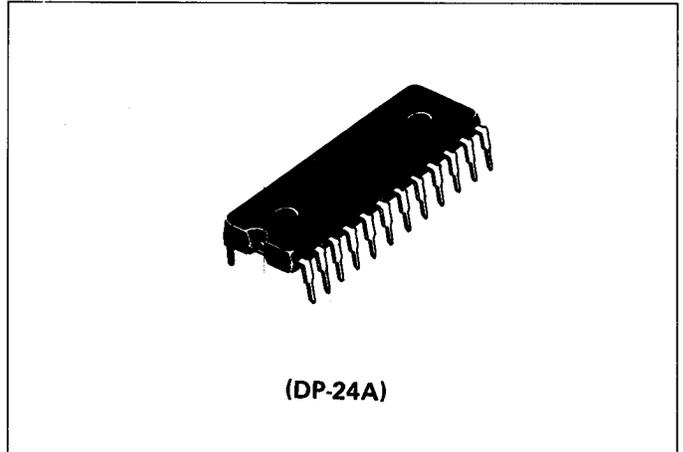
HA11580 is a monolithic silicon integrated circuit which constitutes a complete chroma processing system for color television receivers.

HA11580 consists of band-pass amplifier, color sync and color demodulator and designed to minimize number of external components.

Demodulation angles and relative gains are optional with set designers by choosing external components values.

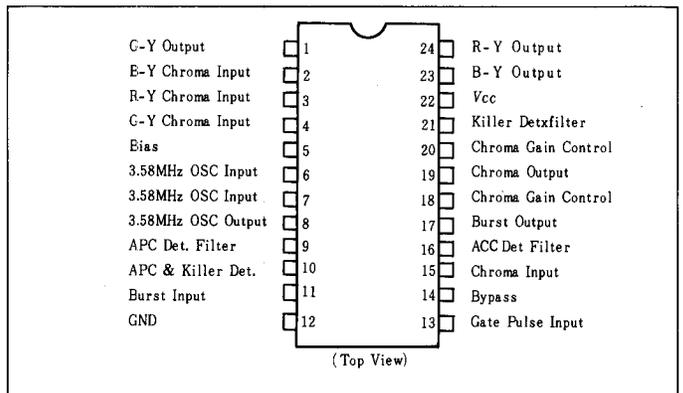
### ■ FEATURES

- Band-pass amplifier
  - Peak detection type ACC detector
  - ACC & killer adjustments are unnecessary
  - DC color control
- Color sync
  - APC type subcarrier regenerator
  - Transformerless VCO
- Color demodulator
  - 3 axes demodulation
  - Regenerated subcarrier are let from color sync in the IC

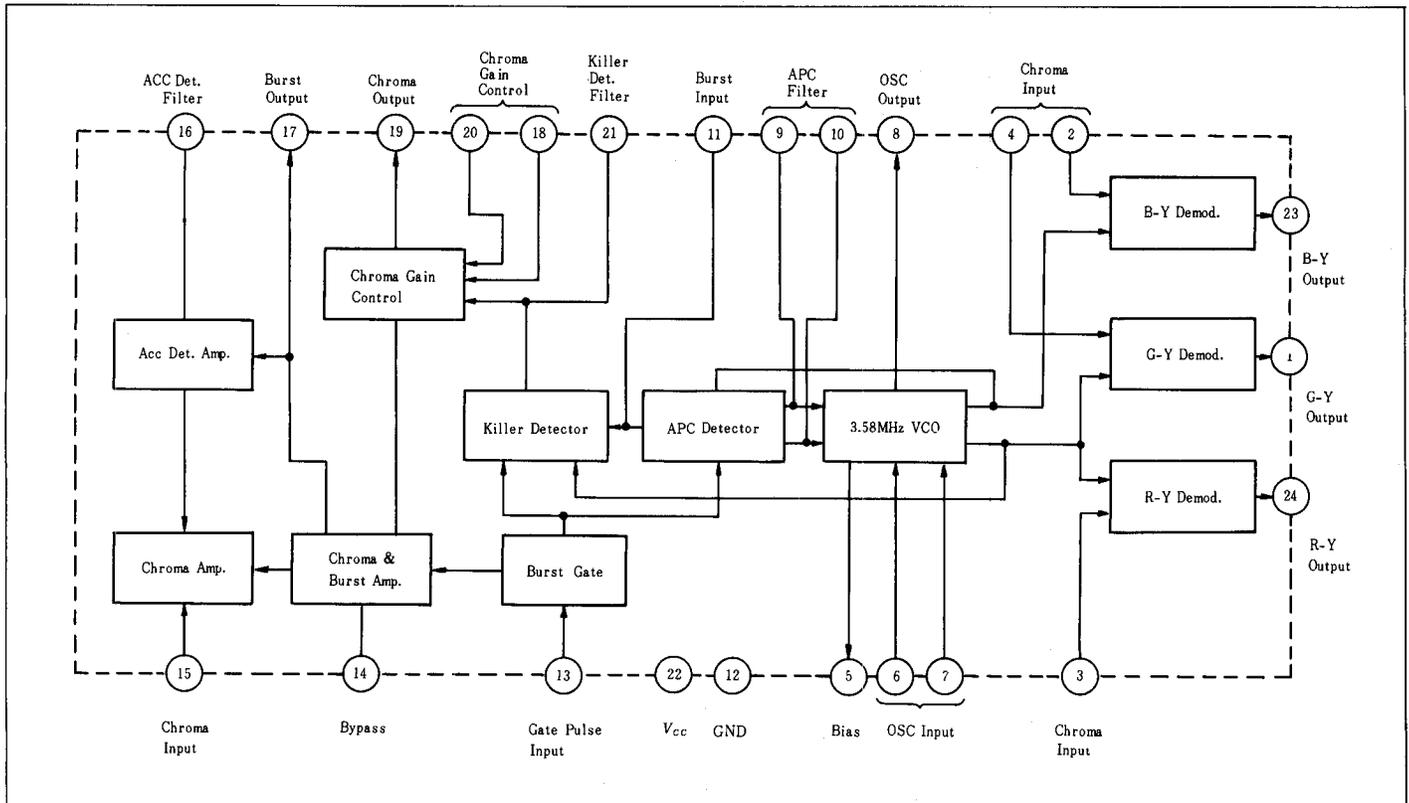


(DP-24A)

### ■ PIN ARRANGEMENT



### ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage (Positive)	$V_{CC}$	15	V
Power Dissipation	$P_T^*$	600	mW
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-20 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	°C

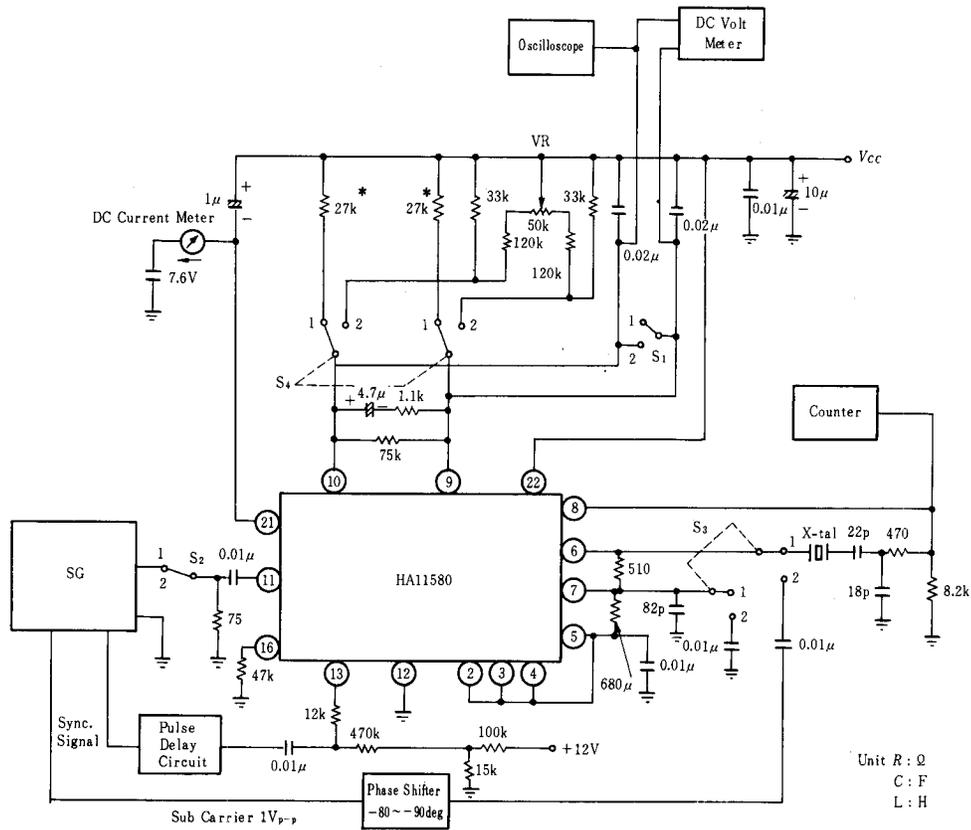
\* Value at  $T_a=60^\circ\text{C}$

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Item	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	4	Average value of total current at color reception	29	36	48	mA
Maximum Chroma Output	$e_{cmax}$	1		—	0.71	—	Vp-p
Burst Output	$e_b$	1		1.0	1.3	1.7	Vp-p
ACC Range	$e_a$	1		0.7	—	—	Vp-p
Residual Color (by color killer)	$e_k$	1		—	—	1	mVrms
Residual Color (by color control)	$e_r$	1		—	—	1	mVrms
Terminal Voltage of pin 18	$V_{18}$	1	pin 18 open	6.9	7.2	7.5	V
Terminal Voltage of pin 20	$V_{20}$	1	pin 20 open	—	6.2	—	V
Differential Voltage of APC Detector Output	$V_p$	2		-50	0	+50	mV
APC Pull-in Range	$f_p$	2	Burst-signal amplitude = 0.65Vp-p	±240	±375	—	Hz
Frequency Control Sensitivity (VCO)	$\beta$	2		—	1.0	—	Hz/mV
Phase Detector Sensitivity	$\mu$	2		—	25	—	Hz/deg
Frequency Stability	$f_{ov}$	2	$V_{CC}=12\pm 1\text{V}$	-20	0	+20	Hz
Killer Current	Color	$I_{kc}$	Burst signal amplitude = 0.65Vp-p	30	65	—	$\mu\text{A}$
	B & W	$I_{kb}$		5	15	35	$\mu\text{A}$
Temperature Stability of APC detector	$\Delta V_{PT}$	2	$T_a=25\pm 35^\circ\text{C}$	-70	0	+70	mV
Color Demod. Output DC Voltage	$E_{0(DC)}$	3		6.6	7.2	7.8	V
Temperature Coefficient of Output DC Voltage	$\frac{\delta E_{0(DC)}}{\delta T}$	3		—	0	—	mV/°C
Differential Output Voltage	$\Delta E_{0(DC)}$	3		-0.3	0	+0.3	V
Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$\frac{\delta \Delta E_{0(DC)}}{\delta T}$	3		—	0	—	mV/°C
Chroma Output	$e_{01}$	3	ACC OFF at input chroma signal amplitude 0.2Vp-p	—	1.95	—	Vp-p
Color Demod. Maximum Output Voltage	$e_{0max}$	3	ACC OFF at input chroma signal amplitude 1.2Vp-p	4.5	5.5	—	Vp-p
Residual Carrier	$e_{cor}$	3	3.6MHz component	—	—	0.2	Vp-p
Residual Harmonic	$e_{ham}$	3		—	—	2.2	Vp-p
Overall Color Difference Output	$e_{02}$	4	ACC ON	1.23	1.95	3.10	Vp-p



2.

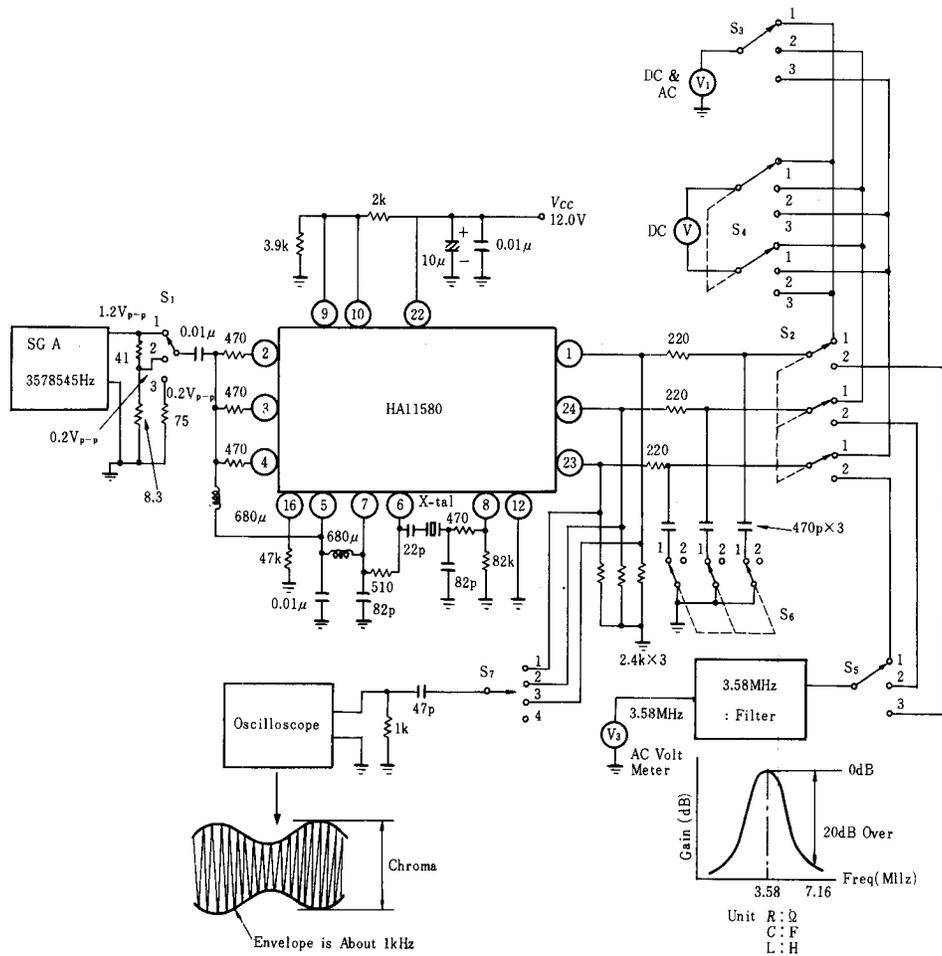


- Note: 1. SG: Burst Signal Generator (Shiba-Soku Co. 397A),  
 $V_{out} = 0.65V_{p-p}$ , Burst 10 cycles  
 2. X-tal: Crystal Oscillator (TEW 280561)  
 3. \*: Accuracy  $\pm 0.3\%$

■ TEST PROCEDURE

Symbol	Switch Position				Test Condition
	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	
V <sub>p</sub>	1	2	1	1	DC Volt. Meter
f <sub>p</sub>	1	2	1	2	Adjust VR for $f_{osc} = 3,579,545Hz \pm 10Hz$
	1	1	1	2	Change frequency of burst signal generator. Measure and record the pull-in range
β	1	1	1	1	Change into 3,579,595Hz from 3,579,495Hz burst signal frequency. Measure the variation of DC volt. meter. Calculate controled sensitivity. $\beta = 100/\text{variation of DC volt. meter}$
μ	1	1	2	1	Fix burst frequency for 3,579,545Hz $\pm 10Hz$ . Turn phase shift to -80 deg. from -90 deg. Measure and record the DC volt. meter. Calculate the detection sensitivity. $\mu = \text{variation of DC volt. meter}/10$
f <sub>OV</sub>	1	2	1	1	Change V <sub>cc</sub> for 12 $\pm$ 1.0V. Measure and record the counter.
I <sub>KC</sub>	1	1	1	1	Measure and record the DC current meter. Test value is negative direction.
I <sub>Ka</sub>	1	2	1	1	Measure and record the DC current meter. Test value is positive direction.
ΔV <sub>PT</sub>	1	1	2	1	Measure and record the DC volt. meter at T <sub>a</sub> = 25 $\pm$ 35°C

3.

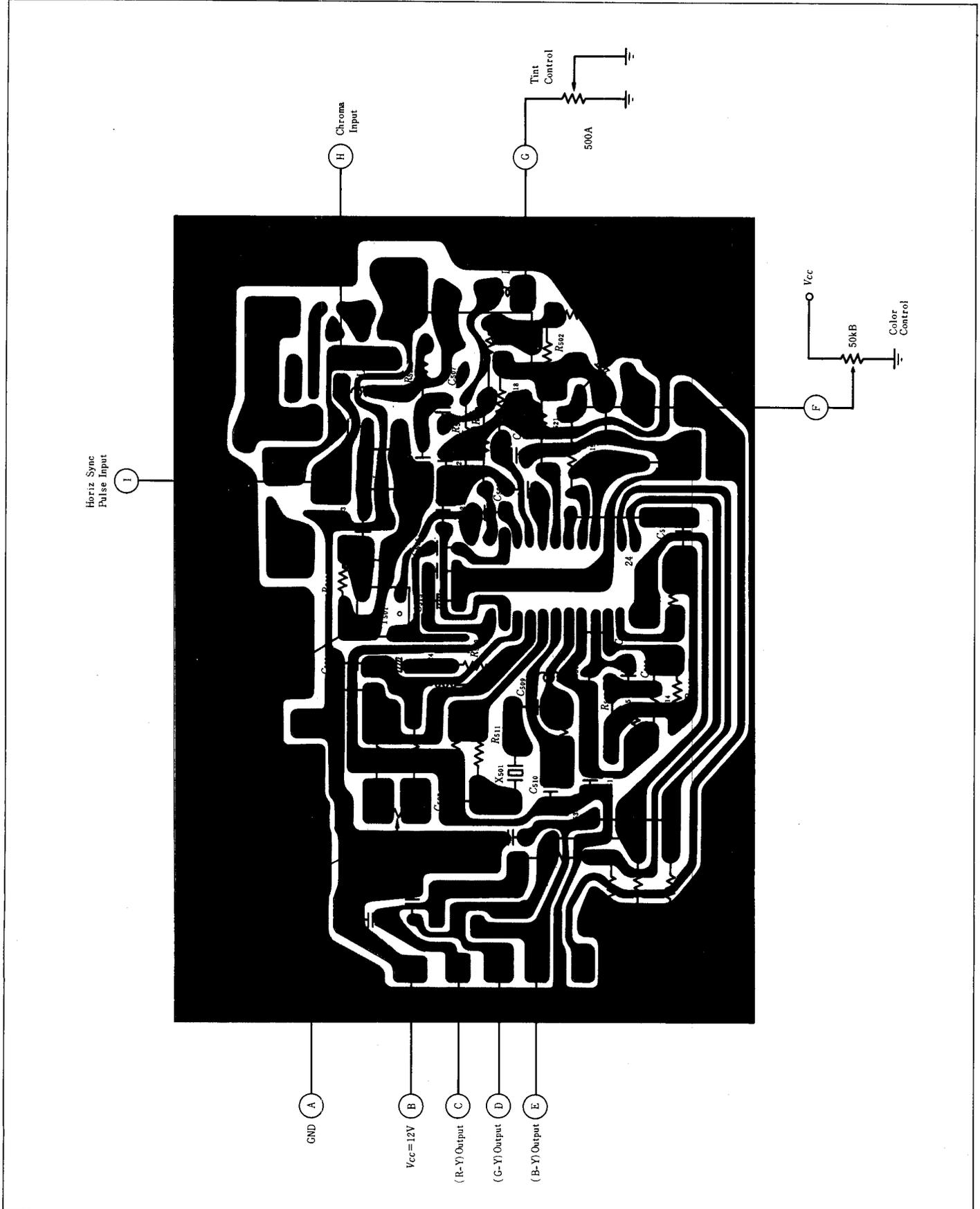


■ TEST PROCEDURE

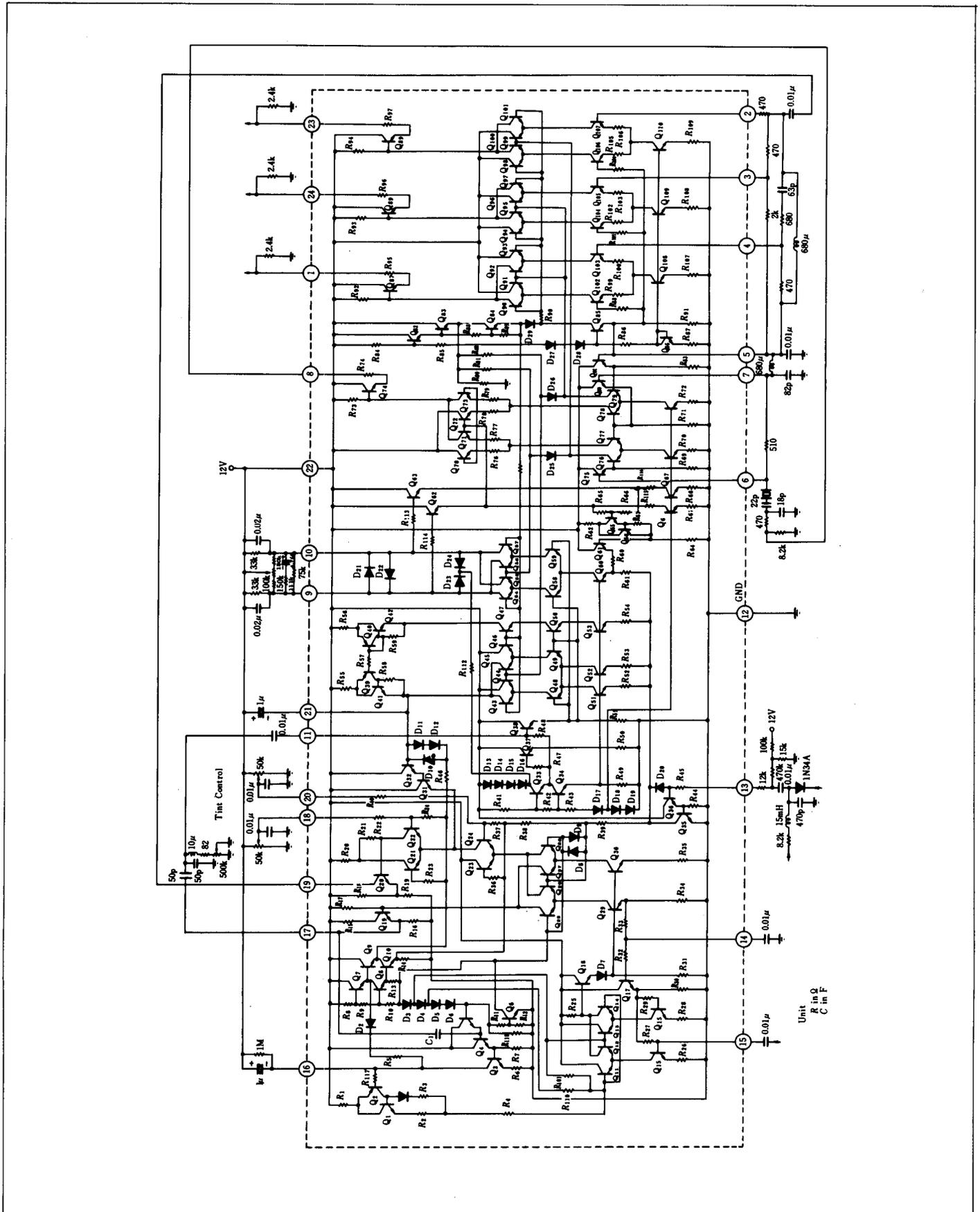
Symbol	Switch Position							Test Condition
	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	S <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>6</sub>	S <sub>7</sub>	
$E_{0(DC)}$	3	1	Each Position	—	—	1	4	Measure and record DC voltage
$\delta E_{0(DC)} / \delta T$								$T_a = -20 \text{ to } +75^\circ\text{C}$
$\Delta E_{0(DC)}$	3	1	—	Each Position	—	1	4	Measure and record DC voltage
$\delta \Delta E_{0(DC)} / \delta T$								$T_a = 20 \text{ to } +75^\circ\text{C}$
$e_{01}$	2	1	Each Position	—	—	1	4	Measure 1kHz beat signal at $V_{in} = 0.2V_{p-p}$
$e_{0max}$	1							Measure 1kHz beat signal at $V_{in} = 1.2V_{p-p}$
$e_{car}$	3	2	—	—	Each Position	2	4	Measure 3.6MHz component
$e_{harm}$	1	2	—	—	—	1	1, 2, 3	Measure $e_{harm}$ for synchroscope



■ P.C. BOARD LAYOUT (Bottom View)



■ CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC AND TYPICAL EXTERNAL COMPONENTS



APPLICATION EXAMPLE

