



虹冠電子工業股份有限公司  
Champion Microelectronic Corporation

*Specialized in Integrated High Efficient Switching Power Management Solutions*  
高整合高效率交換型電源管理方案之專業 I C 設計



上海台永商貿有限公司

SHANGHAI TAIYONG CO., LTD

上海市普陀區桐柏路 165 弄 1 號 101-103 室

(上海)TEL:86-21-59512136

(上海)FAX:86-21-59512123

E-mail: [shanghai@shanghai-taiyong.com](mailto:shanghai@shanghai-taiyong.com)

E-mail: [shanghai@vny-gsm.com](mailto:shanghai@vny-gsm.com)

東莞辦事處

SHANGHAI TAIYONG CO., LTD

東省東莞市長安鎮烏沙江貝村同和四巷 15 號

(東莞) TEL:86-769-5373287

(東莞) FAX:86-769-5373286

E-mail: [dong-guan@shanghai-taiyong.com](mailto:dong-guan@shanghai-taiyong.com)

E-mail: [dong-guan@vny-gsm.com](mailto:dong-guan@vny-gsm.com)

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The CM3842/43 are fixed frequency current-mode PWM controllers specially designed for OFF-Line switching power supply and DC-to-DC converters with a minimum number of external components. These devices feature a trimmed oscillator for precise duty cycle control, a temperature compensated reference, high gain error amplifier, current sensing comparator, and high current totem pole output which is suitable for driving MOSFETs.

The under voltage lock-out (U.V.L.O.) is designed to operated with 200µA typ. start-up current, allowing an efficient bootstrap supply voltage design. The U.V.L.O. thresholds for the CM3842 are 16V (on) and 10V (off) which are ideal for off-line applications. The corresponding typical threshold for the CM3843 are 8.4V (on) and 7.6V (off). The CM3842/43 can operated within 100% duty cycle.

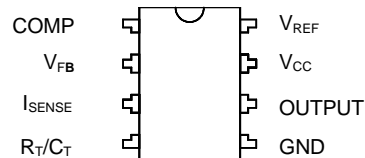
### FEATURES

- ◆ Low Start-Up current ( typ. 200µA)
- ◆ Optimized for Off-Line and DC-to-DC Converters
- ◆ Maximum Duty Cycle
- ◆ U.V.L.O. with Hysteresis
- ◆ Operating Frequency Up to 500KHz
- ◆ Internal Trimmed Bandgap Reference
- ◆ High Current Totem Pole Output
- ◆ Error Amplifier With Low Output Resistance
- ◆ Available in 8-Pin Plastic DIP and Surface Mount 8-Pin S.O.I.C.

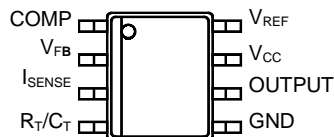
### APPLICATIONS

- ◆ Off-line flyback or forward converters.
- ◆ DC-to-DC buck or boost converter.
- ◆ Monitor Power Supply

### PIN CONFIGURATION



8-Pin PDIP  
(Top View)



8-Pin S.O.I.C.  
(Top View)

### AVAILABLE OPTIONS

Device	Start-UP Voltage	Hysteresis	Max. Duty Cycle
CM3842	16V	6V	< 100%
CM3843	8.4V	0.8V	< 100%



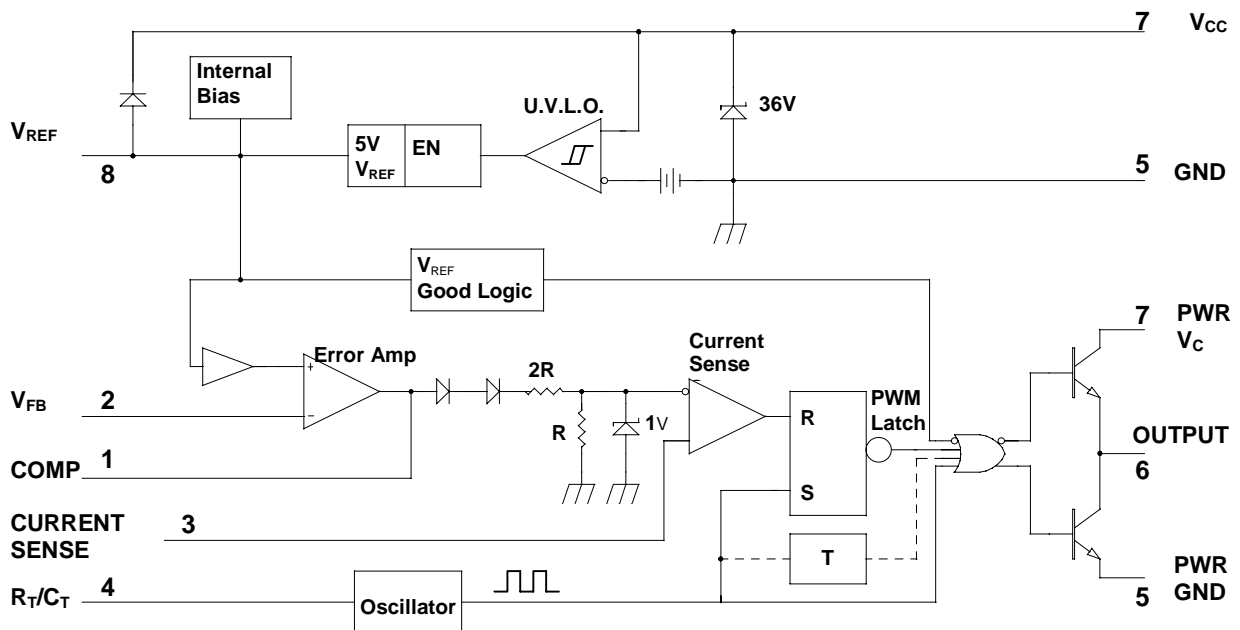
# CM3842/3843

## CURRENT MODE PWM CONTROLLER

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package
CM3842/43CP	0°C to 70°C	8-Pin PDIP(P08)
CM3842/43CS	0°C to 70°C	8-Pin SOIC(S08)

### BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note 1 :V<sub>CC</sub> and PWR V<sub>C</sub> are internally connected for 8 pin packages.

Note 2 :PWR GND and GND are internally connected for 8 pin packages.

Note 3 :U.V.L.O. is 16V for 3842 and 8.4V for 3843.

Note 4 :Hysteresis is 6V for 3842 and 0.8V for 3843.



# CM3842/3843

## CURRENT MODE PWM CONTROLLER

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$	35V
Output current, $I_o$	$\pm 1A$
Analog inputs, $V_i$	-0.3V to 6.3V
Error amp output sink current, $I_{SINK(EA)}$	10mA
Power dissipation ( $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ), $P_D$	1W
Maximum junction temperature $T_J$	150°C
Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C
Note 5: Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of the specified terminal.	

### THERMAL DATA

<b>PDIP PACKAGE:</b>	
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Ambient, $\theta_{JA}$	95°C/W
<b>SOIC PACKAGE:</b>	
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Ambient, $\theta_{JA}$	165°C/W
Junction Temperature Calculation: $T_J = T_A + (P_D \times \theta_{JA})$ . The $\theta_{JA}$ numbers are guidelines for the thermal performance of the device/pc-board system. All of the above assume no ambient airflow.	

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Recommended Operating			Units
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC} / V_C$			30	V
Input Voltage	$V_{I,R_T/C_T}$	0		5.5	V
	$V_{I,ISENSE}/V_{REF}$				
Output Voltage	$V_O, Output$	0		30	V
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$			25	mA
Average Output Current	$I_O$			200	mA
Reference Output Current	$I_{O(REF)}$			-20	mA
Timing Capacitor	$C_T$	1			nF
Oscillator Frequency	$f_{OSC}$		100	500	KHz
Operating Free-air Temperature	$T_A$	0		70	°C

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply over the operating ambient temperature for CM384X with  $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$ (note 7);  $R_T = 10\text{K}$ ;  $C_T = 3.3\text{nF}$ . Low duty cycle pulse testing techniques are used which maintains junction and case temperatures equal to the ambient temperature.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	CM384X			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
<b>Reference Section</b>						
Reference output Voltage	$V_{REF}$	$T_I = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_{REF} = 1\text{mA}$	4.9	5.0	5.1	V
Line Regulation		$12\text{V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 25\text{V}, T_I = 25^\circ\text{C}$		6	20	mV
Load Regulation		$1\text{mA} \leq I_{REF} \leq 20\text{mA}$		6	25	mV
Short Circuit Output Current	$I_{SC}$	$T_I = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-30	-100	-180	mA
<b>Oscillator Section</b>						
Oscillation Frequency	f	$T_I = 25^\circ\text{C}$	47	52	57	KHz
Frequency Change with Voltage		$12\text{V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 25\text{V}$		0.2	1.0	%
Frequency Change with Temperature (note 8)		$T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$		5		%
Peak-to-peak Amplitude At $R_T/C_T$	$V_{OSC}$			1.7		V
<b>Current Sense Section</b>						
Gain (note 9 & 10)	$A_{V(OI)}$		2.85	3.00	3.15	V/V
Maximum Input Signal (note 9)	$V_{I(MAX)}$	COMP = 5V	0.9	1.0	1.1	V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (note 9)	PSRR	$12\text{V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 25\text{V}$ (note 9)		70		dB
Input Bias Current	$I_{BIAS}$			-3.0	-10	uA



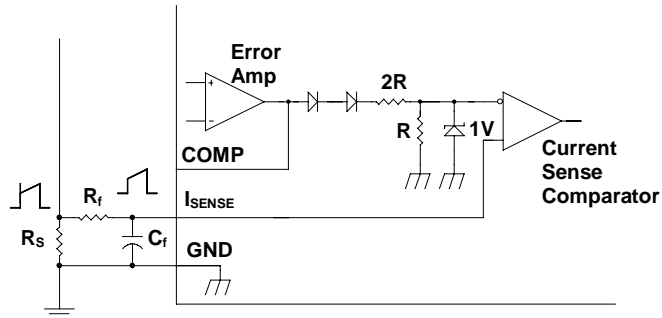
# CM3842/3843

## CURRENT MODE PWM CONTROLLER

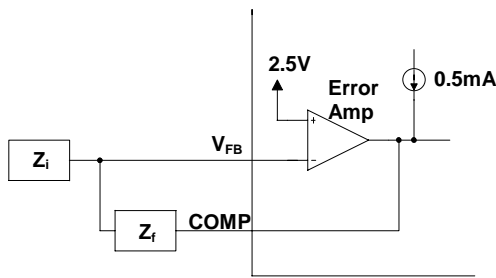
### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Error Amplifier Section						
Input Bias Current	$I_{RIAS}$			-0.1	-2	$\mu A$
Input Voltage	$V_{I(FA)}$	COMP = 2.5V	2.42	2.50	2.58	V
Open Loop Voltage Gain	$G_{VO}$	$2V \leq V_O \leq 4V$	65	90		dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth (note 8)	UGBW	$T_I = 25^\circ C$	0.7	1		MHz
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$12V \leq V_{CC} \leq 25V$	60	70		dB
Output Sink Current	$I_{SINK}$	$V_{FR} = 2.7V$ . COMP = 1.1V	2	7		mA
Output Source Current	$I_{SOURCE}$	$V_{FR} = 2.3V$ . COMP = 5.0V	-0.5	-1.0		mA
High Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	$V_{FR} = 2.3V$ . $R_I = 15K\Omega$ to GND	5	6		V
Low Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$	$V_{FR} = 2.7V$ . $R_L = 15K\Omega$ to $V_{REF}$		0.7	1.1	V
Output Section						
Output Low Level	$V_{OL}$	$I_{SINK} = 20mA$		0.1	0.4	V
		$I_{SINK} = 200mA$		1.4	2.2	
Output High Level	$V_{OH}$	$I_{SOURCE} = 20mA$	13	13.5		V
		$I_{SOURCE} = 200mA$	12	13.0		
Rise Time (note 8)	$t_r$	$T_I = 25^\circ C$ . $C_I = 1nF$		50	150	ns
Fall Time (note 8)	$t_f$	$T_I = 25^\circ C$ . $C_I = 1nF$		50	150	ns
Under-Voltage Lockout Section						
Start Threshold	$V_{TH(ST)}$	CM3842	14.5	16.0	17.5	V
		CM3843	7.8	8.4	9.0	
Min. Operating Voltage		CM3842	8.5	10	11.5	V
		CM3843	7.0	7.6	8.2	
PWM Section						
Maximum Duty Cycle		CM3842/43	94	97	100	%
Minimum Duty Cycle					0	%
Total Standby Current						
Startup Current		CM3842		0.2	0.35	mA
		CM3843		0.5	1.0	
Operating Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{FR} = I_{SENSE} = 0V$		14	17	mA
Zener Voltage	$V_Z$	$I_{CC} = 25mA$	30	35		V
<p>note 7: Adjust <math>V_{CC}</math> above the start threshold before setting at 15V</p> <p>note 8: These parameters, although guaranteed, are not 100% tested in production prior to shipment</p> <p>note 9: Parameters are measured at trip point of latch with <math>V_{FB} = 2V</math></p> <p>note 10: Gain is measured between <math>I_{SENSE}</math> and COMP with the input changing from 0V to 0.8V</p>						

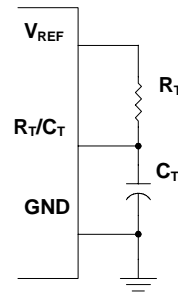
### APPLICATION INFORMATION



**Fig. 1. Current Sense Circuit**  
Peak current ( $I_s$ ) is set by:  $I_{s(MAX)} = 1V/R_s$

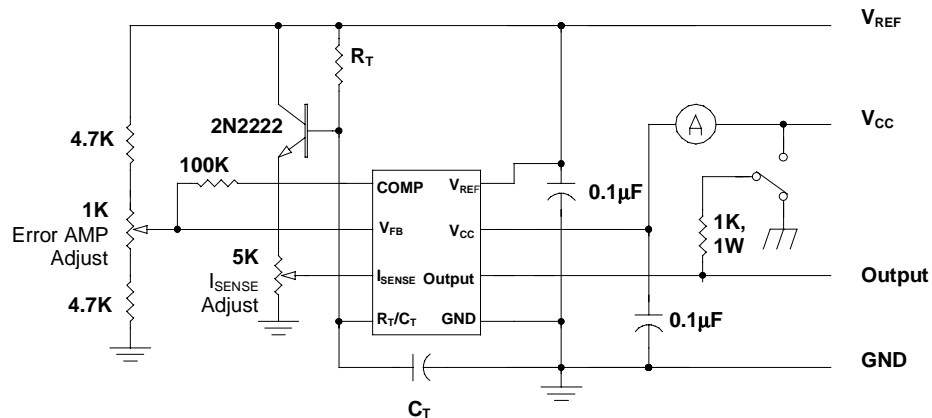


**Fig. 2. Error Amplifier Configuration** - the amplifier can source or sink up to 0.5mA



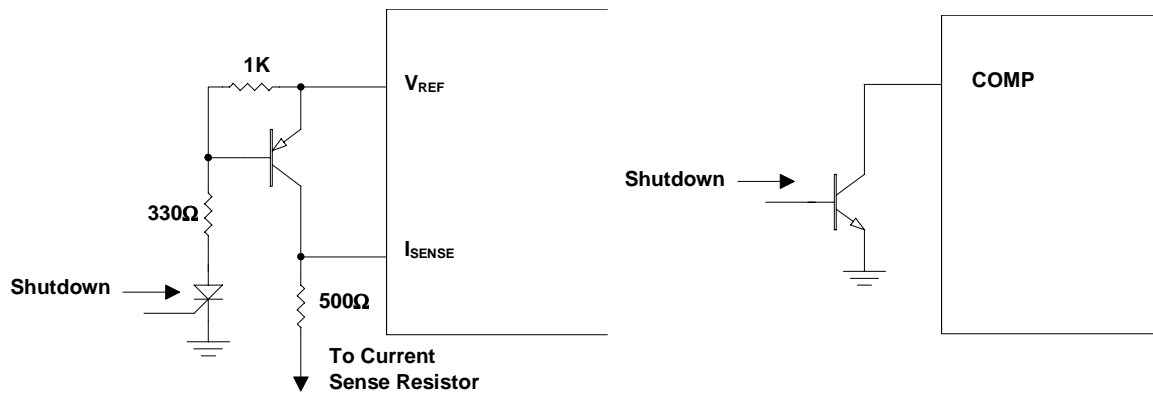
**Fig. 3. Oscillator Section**

$$\text{For } R_T < 5K, f = \frac{1.72}{R_T C_T}$$

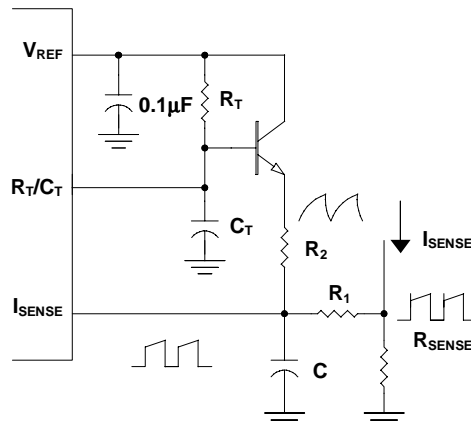


**Fig. 4. Open-loop laboratory test fixture:** Careful grounding techniques are necessary for high peak currents associated with capacitive loads. Timing and bypass capacitors should be connected to GND pin in a single point ground. The transistor and 5K potentiometer are used to sample the oscillator waveform and apply an adjustable ramp to the  $I_{SENSE}$  pin

## APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)



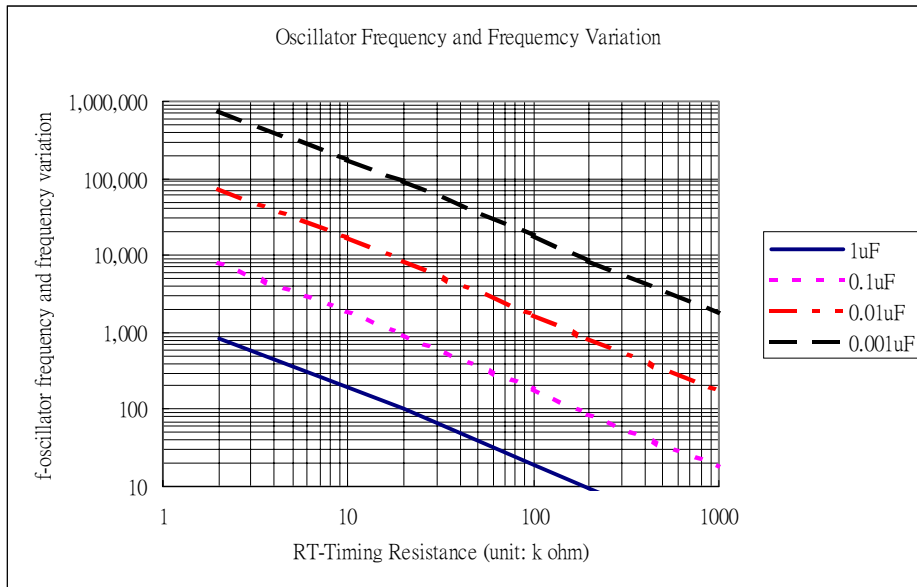
**Fig. 5. Shutdown Techniques** - there are two ways to shutdown the PWM controller: 1) raise the voltage at  $I_{SENSE}$  above 1V or, 2) pull the COMP below a voltage two diodes above ground.



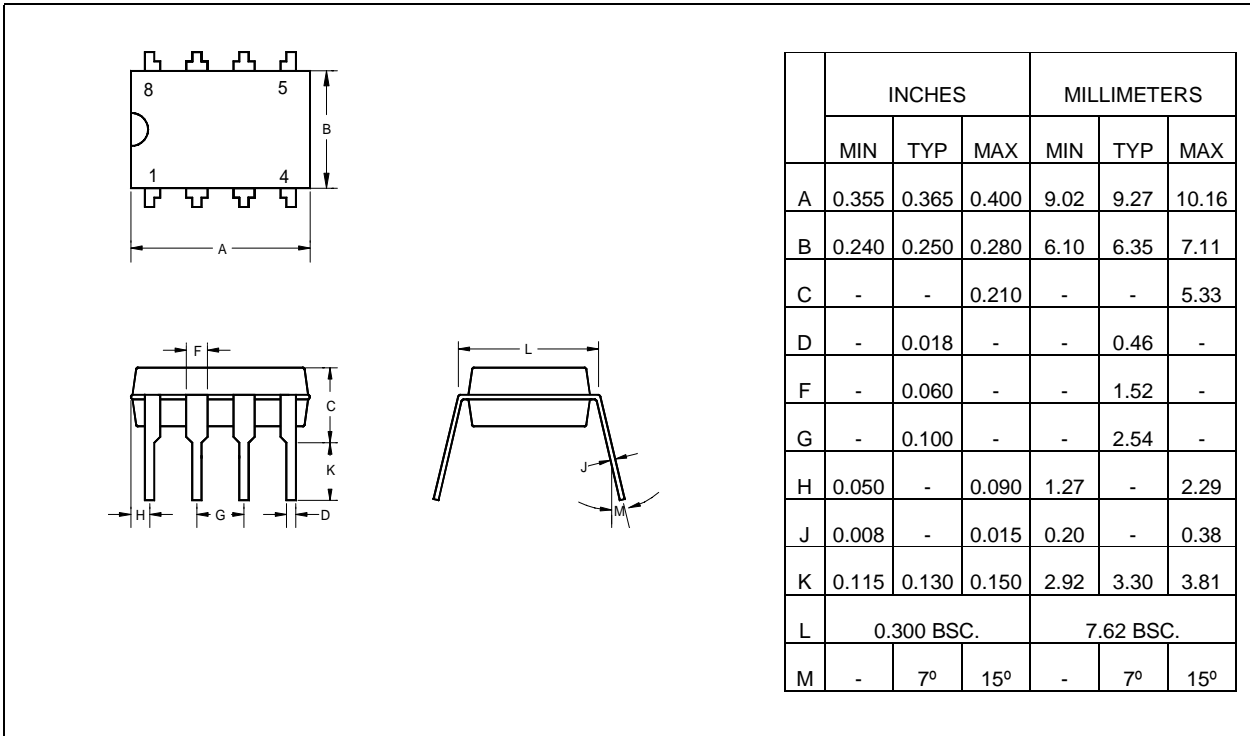
**Fig 6. Slop Compensation** – To achieve duty cycles over 50% for some applications , the above slope compensation technique is suggested by resistively summing a fraction of the oscillator ramp with the current sense signal.



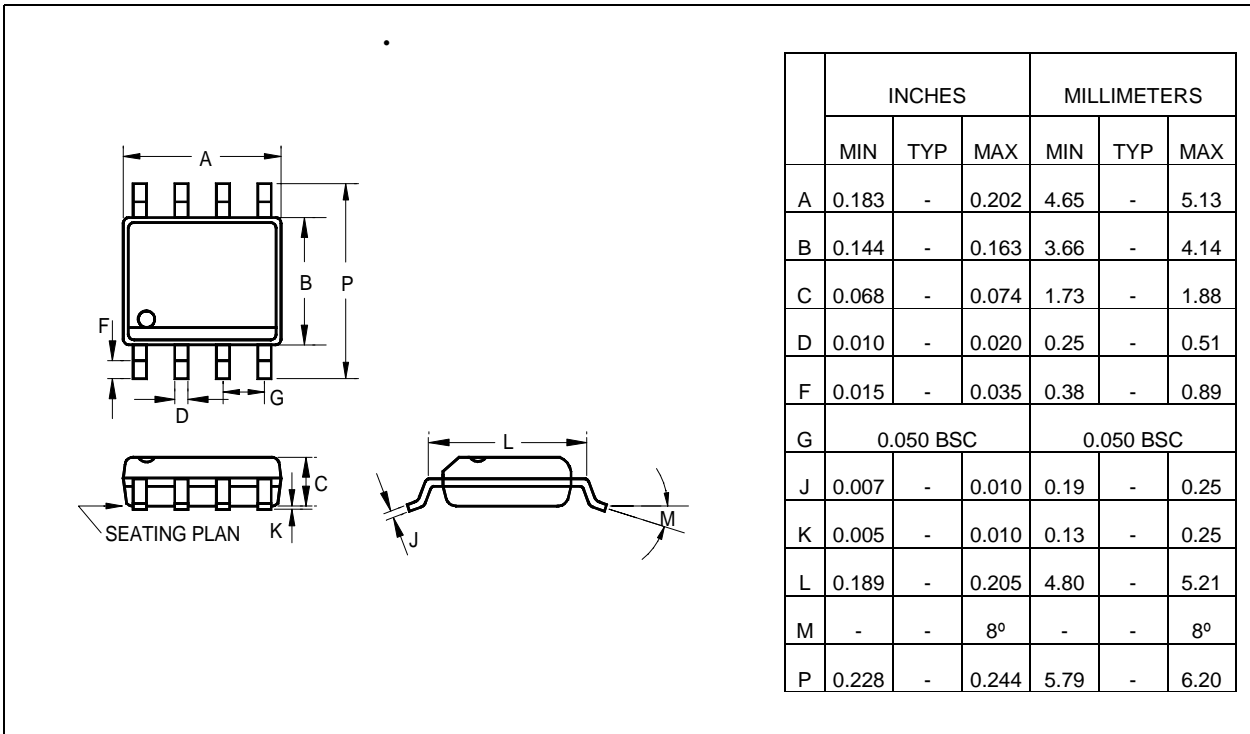
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



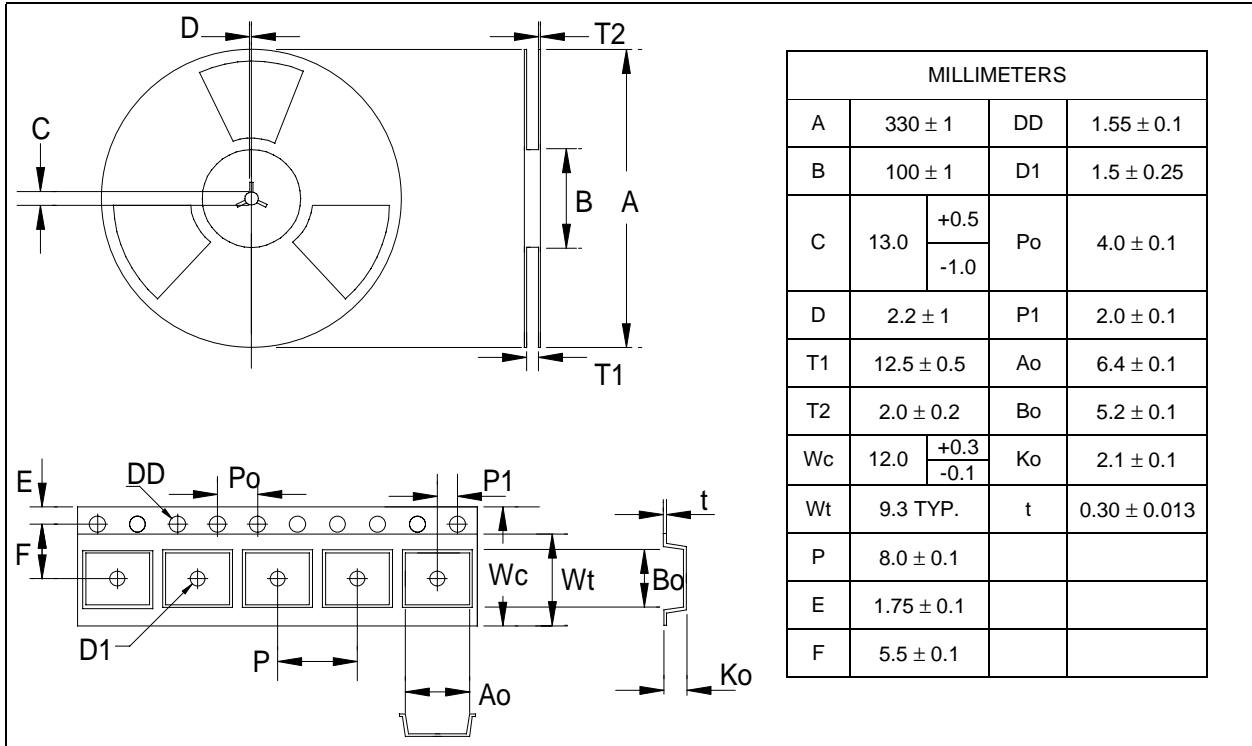
### 8-PIN PLASTIC DIP



### 8-PIN PLASTIC S.O.I.C



**8-PIN PLASTIC S.O.I.C. CARRIER DIMENSIONS**



# 上海台永商貿有限公司



## SHANGHAI SALES DEPT.

上海台永商貿有限公司  
SHANGHAI TAIYONG CO.,LTD  
上海市普陀區桐柏路 165 弄 1 號  
101-103 室

(上海)TEL:86-21-59512136

(上海)FAX:86-21-59512123

E-mail:

[shanghai@shanghai-taiyong.com](mailto:shanghai@shanghai-taiyong.com)

E-mail:

[shanghai@vny-gsm.com](mailto:shanghai@vny-gsm.com)



## INVERTER LAB & Sales Dept . DONG-GUAN,CHINA

東省東莞市長安鎮烏沙江貝村同和  
四巷 15 號

(東莞) TEL:86-769-5373287

(東莞) FAX:86-769-5373286

E-mail:

[dong-guan@shanghai-taiyong.com](mailto:dong-guan@shanghai-taiyong.com)

E-mail:

[dong-guan@vny-gsm.com](mailto:dong-guan@vny-gsm.com)



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