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# N01M083WL1A

# 1Mb Ultra-Low Power Asynchronous Medical CMOS SRAM 128Kx8 bit

#### Overview

The N01M083WL1A is an integrated memory device intended for non life-support (Class 1 or 2) medical applications. This device comprises a 1 Mbit Static Random Access Memory organized as 131,072 words by 8 bits. The device is designed and fabricated using NanoAmp's advanced CMOS technology with reliability inhancements for medical users. The base design is the same as NanoAmp's N01M0818L2A, which has further reliability processing for life-support (Class 3) medical applications. The device operates with two chip enable (CE1 and CE2) controls and output enable (OE) to allow for easy memory expansion. The N01M083WL1A is optimal for various applications where low-power is critical such as battery backup and hand-held devices. The device can operate over a very wide temperature range of -40°C to +85°C and is available in JEDEC standard packages compatible with other standard 256Kb x 8 SRAMs

#### **Features**

- Single Wide Power Supply Range 2.3 to 3.6 Volts
- Very low standby current 2.0µA at 3.0V (Typical)
- Very low operating current
   2.0mA at 3.0V and 1µs (Typical)
- Very low Page Mode operating current 0.8mA at 3.0V and 1µs (Typical)
- Simple memory control
   Dual Chip Enables (CE1and CE2)
   Output Enable (OE) for memory expansion
- Low voltage data retention Vcc = 1.8V
- Very fast output enable access time 30ns OE access time
- · Automatic power down to standby mode
- Special Processing to reduce Soft Error Rate (SER)

#### **Product Family**

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Temperature	Power Supply (Vcc)	Speed	Standby Current (I <sub>SB</sub> ), Max	Operating Current (Icc), Max
N01M083WL1AN	32 - STSOP I	4000 1	2 2 2 6 Volto	70ns @ 2.7V	20 սA	3 mA @ 1MHz
N01M083WL1AD	Known Good Die	-40°C to +85°C	2.3-3.0 VOIIS	100ns @ 2.3V	20 μΑ	3 IIIA @ IIVIIIZ

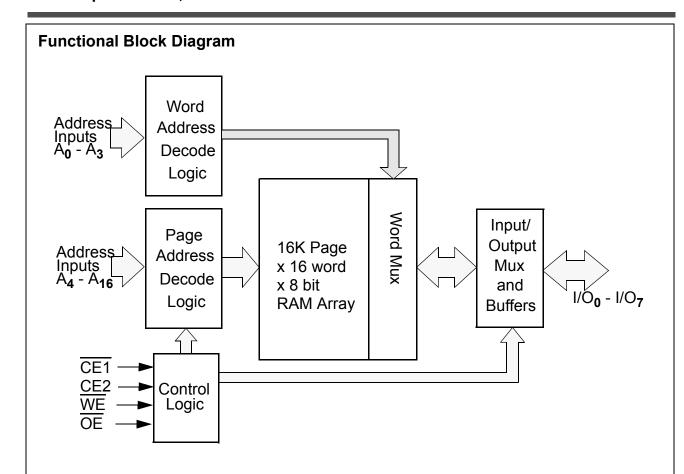
#### **Pin Configuration**



#### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Name	Pin Function
A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>16</sub>	Address Inputs
WE	Write Enable Input
CE1, CE2	Chip Enable Input
ŌĒ	Output Enable Input
I/O <sub>0</sub> -I/O <sub>7</sub>	Data Inputs/Outputs
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground

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#### **Functional Description**

CE1	CE2	WE	OE	I/O <sub>0</sub> - I/O <sub>7</sub>	MODE	POWER
Н	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Standby <sup>1</sup>	Standby
Х	L	Х	Х	High Z	Standby <sup>1</sup>	Standby
L	Н	L	$X^2$	Data In	Write <sup>2</sup>	Active
L	Н	Н	L	Data Out	Read	Active
L	Н	Н	Н	High Z	Active	Active

<sup>1.</sup> When the device is in standby mode, control inputs ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ), address inputs and data input/outputs are internally isolated from any external influence and disabled from exerting any influence externally.

## Capacitance<sup>1</sup>

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		8	pF
I/O Capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		8	pF

<sup>1.</sup> These parameters are verified in device characterization and are not 100% tested

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<sup>2.</sup> When  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  is invoked, the  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  input is internally disabled and has no effect on the circuit.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1</sup>

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>IN,OUT</sub>	-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
Voltage on $V_{CC}$ Supply Relative to $V_{SS}$	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3 to 4.5	V
Power Dissipation	$P_{D}$	500	mW
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 to 125	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature and Time	T <sub>SOLDER</sub>	240°C, 10sec(Lead only)	°C

<sup>1.</sup> Stresses greater than those listed above may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

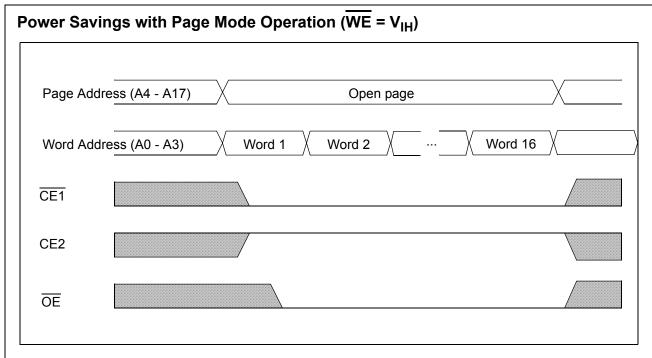
#### **Operating Characteristics (Over Specified Temperature Range)**

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		2.3		3.6	V
Data Retention Voltage	$V_{DR}$	Chip Disabled <sup>3</sup>	1.8			V
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> -0.6		V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		-0.3		0.6	V
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	$I_{OH} = 0.2mA$	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2			V
Output Low Voltage	$V_{OL}$	$I_{OL} = -0.2 \text{mA}$			0.2	V
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>LI</sub>	$V_{IN}$ = 0 to $V_{CC}$			0.5	μΑ
Output Leakage Current	$I_{LO}$	OE = V <sub>IH</sub> or Chip Disabled			0.5	μΑ
Read/Write Operating Supply Current @ 1 µs Cycle Time <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>CC1</sub>	$V_{CC}$ =3.6 V, $V_{IN}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ Chip Enabled, $I_{OUT}$ = 0		1.5	2.0	mA
Read/Write Operating Supply Current @ 70 ns Cycle Time <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>CC2</sub>	$V_{CC}$ =3.6 V, $V_{IN}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ Chip Enabled, $I_{OUT}$ = 0		10.0	12.0	mA
Page Mode Operating Supply Current @ 70 ns Cycle Time <sup>2</sup> (Refer to Power Savings with Page Mode Operation diagram)	I <sub>CC3</sub>	$V_{CC}$ =2.3 V, $V_{IN}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ Chip Enabled, $I_{OUT}$ = 0		4.0		mA
Maximum Standby Current <sup>3</sup>	I <sub>SB1</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or 0V Chip Disabled $t_A = 85^{\circ}C$ , $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$		2.0	20.0	μА
Maximum Data Retention Current <sup>3</sup>	I <sub>DR</sub>	$V_{CC}$ = 1.8V, $V_{IN}$ = $V_{CC}$ or 0 Chip Disabled, $t_A$ = 85°C			10.0	μА

<sup>1.</sup> Typical values are measured at Vcc=Vcc Typ.,  $T_A$ =25°C and not 100% tested.

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<sup>2.</sup> This parameter is specified with the outputs disabled to avoid external loading effects. The user must add current required to drive output capacitance expected in the actual system.



Note: Page mode operation is a method of addressing the SRAM to save operating current. The internal organization of the SRAM is optimized to allow this unique operating mode to be used as a valuable power saving feature.

The only thing that needs to be done is to address the SRAM in a manner that the internal page is left open and 8-bit words of data are read from the open page. By treating addresses A0-A3 as the least significant bits and addressing the 16 words within the open page, power is reduced to the page mode value which is considerably lower than standard operating currents for low power SRAMs.

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## **Timing Test Conditions**

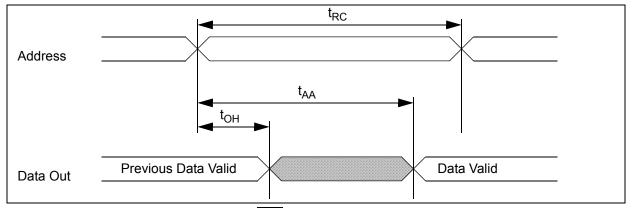
Item	
Input Pulse Level	$0.1 V_{CC}$ to $0.9 V_{CC}$
Input Rise and Fall Time	5ns
Input and Output Timing Reference Levels	0.5 V <sub>CC</sub>
Output Load	CL = 30pF
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85 °C

#### **Timing**

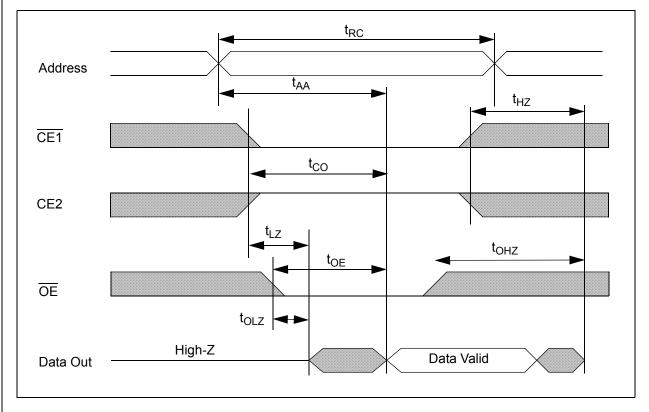
Item	Cymphol	2.3 -	3.6 V	2.7 -	2.7 - 3.6 V	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Read Cycle Time	t <sub>RC</sub>	100		70		ns
Address Access Time	t <sub>AA</sub>		100		70	ns
Chip Enable to Valid Output	t <sub>co</sub>		100		70	ns
Output Enable to Valid Output	t <sub>OE</sub>		35		35	ns
Chip Enable to Low-Z output	t <sub>LZ</sub>	15		10		ns
Output Enable to Low-Z Output	t <sub>OLZ</sub>	10		5		ns
Chip Disable to High-Z Output	t <sub>HZ</sub>	0	30	0	20	ns
Output Disable to High-Z Output	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	30	0	20	ns
Output Hold from Address Change	t <sub>ОН</sub>	15		10		ns
Write Cycle Time	t <sub>WC</sub>	100		70		ns
Chip Enable to End of Write	t <sub>CW</sub>	70		50		ns
Address Valid to End of Write	t <sub>AW</sub>	70		50		ns
Write Pulse Width	t <sub>WP</sub>	50		40		ns
Address Setup Time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0		0		ns
Write Recovery Time	t <sub>WR</sub>	0		0		ns
Write to High-Z Output	t <sub>WHZ</sub>		30		20	ns
Data to Write Time Overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	50		40		ns
Data Hold from Write Time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0		0		ns
End Write to Low-Z Output	t <sub>OW</sub>	10		5		ns

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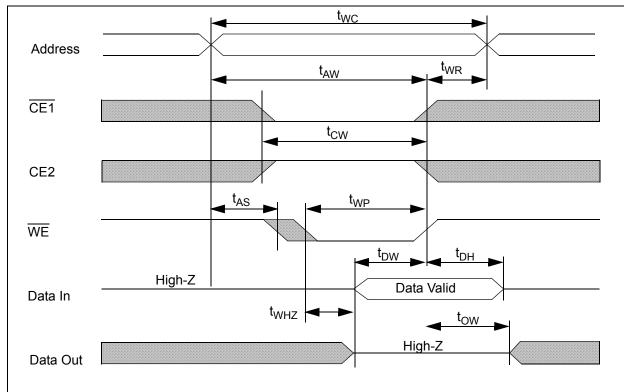
# Timing of Read Cycle ( $\overline{CE1} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ , $\overline{WE} = CE2 = V_{IH}$ )



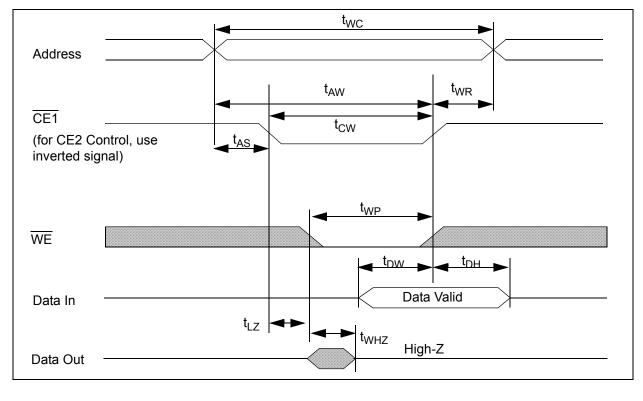
## Timing Waveform of Read Cycle (WE=V<sub>IH</sub>)

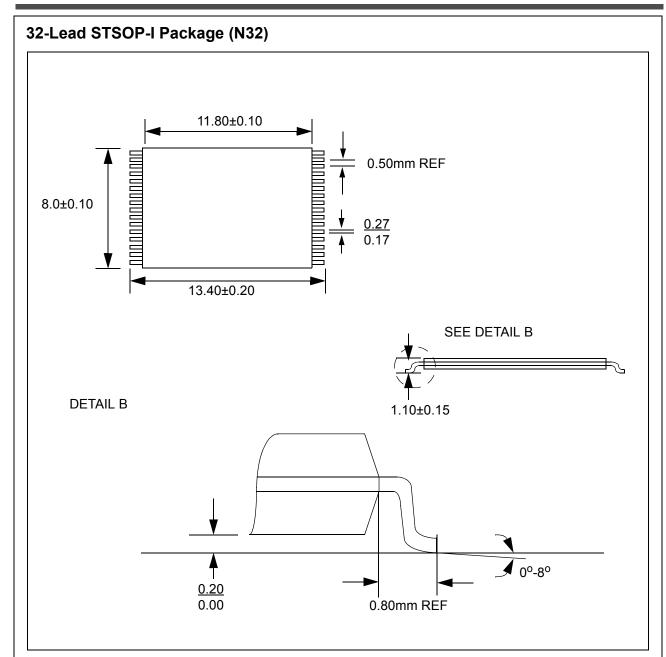


# Timing Waveform of Write Cycle (WE control)



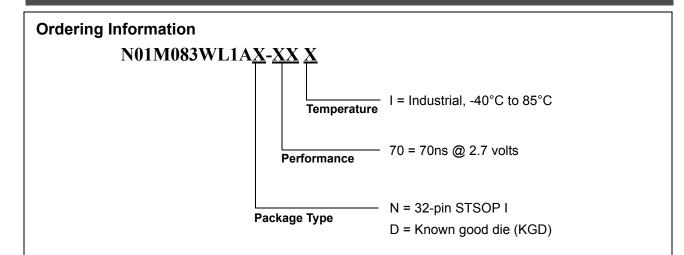
### Timing Waveform of Write Cycle (CE1 Control)





#### Note:

- 1. All dimensions in millimeters
- 2. Package dimensions exclude molding flash



#### **Revision History**

Revision #	Date	Change Description
01	11/01/02	Initial Release

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